

May 17, 2006

## CLASSIFIED FUNDING IN THE FY 2007 DEFENSE BUDGET REQUEST

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Classified or “black” programs appear to account for about \$30.1 billion, or 19 percent, of the acquisition funding included in the fiscal year (FY) 2007 Department of Defense (DoD) budget request (see Table). This total includes \$14.5 billion in procurement funding and \$15.6 billion in research and development (R&D) funding. These figures represent 17 percent and 21 percent, respectively, of the total funding requested for procurement and R&D. Among other things, this analysis finds that:

- In real (inflation-adjusted) terms the \$30.1 billion FY 2007 request includes more classified acquisition funding than any other defense budget since FY 1988, near the end of the Cold War, when DoD received \$19.7 billion (\$29.4 billion in FY 2007 dollars) for these programs.
- Classified acquisition funding has more than doubled in real terms since FY 1995, when funding for these programs reached its post-Cold War low.
- Since FY 1995, funding for classified acquisition programs has increased at a substantially faster rate than has funding for acquisition programs overall, which has grown by about 64 percent in real terms.

The record for classified acquisition programs has been mixed. Some successful and effective weapon systems were developed and even produced as black programs. These include the F-117 stealth fighter and the B-2 stealth bomber. On the other hand, some classified programs have had troubled histories. Restrictions placed on access to classified funding have meant that DoD and Congress typically exercise less oversight over classified programs than unclassified ones. This lower level of scrutiny, coupled with the compartmentalization of information generally associated with classified efforts has contributed to performance problems and cost growth in a number of programs, such as the Navy’s ill-fated A-12 attack aircraft program.<sup>1</sup> It also

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<sup>1</sup> The Navy’s A-12 medium attack plane, cancelled in 1991, is an example of a classified program that experienced significant technical problems and cost growth. After it was cancelled, the aircraft’s manufacturers complained that the Navy “failed to provide critical data from other classified programs,” and in particular that “vital information from these compartmented [classified] programs was unavailable to the contractors during the demonstration and validation phase of the A-12 program.” Eric Rosenberg, “Joint Contractor Complaint Tells a Different A-12 Story,” *Defense Week*, June 17, 1997, p. 7. For more information on the A-12 dispute see, Tony Capaccio, “DOJ Claims Mismanagement by A-12 Team Widespread,” *Defense Week*, December 15, 1997, and

has led some members of Congress and others to argue that the Pentagon's classification policies should be reformed and funding further reduced for classified programs.

As in the past, the Air Force's FY 2007 budget request contains the largest share of DoD's classified acquisition funding—more than three-quarters of the total. Classified programs account for about 44 percent, or \$14.1 billion, of the Air Force's procurement request and 39 percent, or \$9.6 billion, of its R&D request. The concentration of classified funding in the Air Force's budget is the result of two factors. First, the Air Force acquisition budget contributes funds to a number of intelligence agencies, including the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA), National Security Agency (NSA) and National Reconnaissance Office (NRO). Second, the Air Force is responsible for most command, control, communications and intelligence (C3I) functions and related assets such as reconnaissance satellites and satellite launch and control facilities, which tend to be heavily classified programs. According to some analyses, some classified funding is also hidden in DoD's military personnel, operations and maintenance, and military construction accounts in addition to its acquisition budget.<sup>2</sup>

## SOURCES AND METHODOLOGY

Estimates of DoD's classified acquisition budget request for FY 1987-FY 2007 were calculated from information found in DoD's Procurement Programs (P-1) and Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (R-1) books.

All line items with budget numbers included in these documents were totaled. These calculations were then compared to the sums specified in the budget documents for each procurement account (e.g., Air Force Other Procurement) and research category (e.g., Defense-wide Operational Systems Development). The difference between the two figures provided the first part of the classified funding estimate. Each account was then examined for programs identified by code names (e.g., Link Plumeria, Black Light) or non-descriptive titles (e.g., Selected Activities, Special Update Program) for which DoD does not publicly reveal the purpose. The sum of the budgets for these programs furnished the second part of the classified funding estimate. These two parts were summed by Service to arrive at the estimate of total classified acquisition funding.

Department of Defense Classified Budget for Acquisition Programs FY1987- FY2007  
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Herbert Fenster, "The A-12 Legacy: It Wasn't an Airplane—It Was a Train Wreck," *Proceedings*, February 1999.

<sup>2</sup> For further information, see Bill Sweetman, "The Budget You Can't See," *Washington Post*, July 7, 1996, p. C3; and Jason Sherman, "Under Pressures," *Armed Forces Journal International*, December 1997, p. 10.

**Department of Defense Classified Budget  
for Acquisition Programs, FY 1987 - FY 2007**  
(Total Obligational Authority in Billions of Dollars)

	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
<b>Total DoD Weapons Acquisition</b>	119.6	119.6	117.2	117.9	98.8	100.3	91.6	77.1	77.7	77.4	79.7	82.1	88.7	93.2	103.9	110.9	137.9	147.5	167.8	157.7	157.4
<b>Classified Acquisition</b>	20.9	19.7	16.6	15.4	16.2	15.8	13.8	12.9	11.7	12.6	13.2	14.9	15.8	15.4	18.1	18.2	26.1	27.6	29.8	27.4	30.1
<b>% Classified</b>	17%	16%	14%	13%	16%	16%	15%	17%	15%	16%	17%	18%	18%	17%	17%	16%	19%	19%	18%	17%	19%
<b>Procurement</b>																					
Army Procurement	15.6	15.2	14.8	13.9	9.0	8.6	7.4	6.9	6.7	7.6	8.1	6.8	9.5	10.3	11.8	10.5	15.8	16.2	26.0	17.2	16.8
Classified Procurement	0.4	0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
% Classified	3%	0%	1%	0%	1%	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Navy Procurement	32.1	36.9	31.3	34.6	27.3	25.3	20.9	16.0	17.3	15.8	17.2	19.5	20.5	23.4	25.9	24.5	27.5	29.9	32.5	32.5	31.0
Classified Procurement	0.3	0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
% Classified	1%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Air Force Procurement	33.9	28.0	31.0	30.1	22.7	23.6	21.7	17.8	15.9	16.7	14.4	15.3	18.2	18.6	22.1	23.6	31.7	32.4	36.1	32.8	32.2
Classified Procurement	11.1	9.9	8.2	8.4	8.3	8.3	7.2	7.4	6.5	6.7	5.4	6.1	6.6	6.4	7.0	8.5	12.4	13.7	15.6	13.7	14.1
% Classified	33%	35%	27%	28%	36%	35%	33%	42%	41%	40%	37%	40%	36%	35%	30%	30%	39%	42%	43%	42%	44%
Def. Agencies Procurement	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	2.4	2.5	2.1	1.8	3.4	2.3	3.5	3.3	2.4	2.5	2.2	3.6	4.7	4.7	4.0	4.0	4.2
Classified Procurement	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.4
% Classified	58%	50%	54%	42%	28%	29%	28%	38%	15%	25%	17%	17%	30%	31%	20%	10%	18%	14%	16%	9%	10%
<b>Total DoD Procurement</b>	83.7	82.6	79.7	81.3	64.3	62.2	53.8	42.4	43.2	42.4	43.2	44.9	50.6	54.9	62.2	62.2	79.6	83.2	98.5	86.6	84.2
<b>Classified Procurement</b>	12.6	10.5	9.2	9.2	9.1	9.3	7.9	8.2	7.1	7.3	6.1	6.8	7.5	7.5	7.5	8.9	13.2	14.5	16.3	14.1	14.5
<b>% Classified</b>	15%	13%	12%	11%	14%	15%	15%	19%	16%	17%	14%	15%	15%	14%	10%	10%	17%	17%	17%	16%	17%
<b>R&amp;D</b>																					
Army R&D	4.7	4.7	5.2	5.3	5.4	6.4	6.1	5.4	5.4	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.2	6.2	7.0	7.6	10.2	10.6	11.0	10.9
Classified R&D	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
% Classified	11%	10%	10%	9%	13%	7%	6%	5%	2%	2%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	2%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%
Navy R&D	9.3	9.5	9.3	9.5	8.3	8.6	8.9	8.2	8.6	8.8	7.9	7.9	8.9	9.1	9.5	11.4	13.7	14.8	17.1	18.7	16.9
Classified R&D	1.0	1.7	2.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.1	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.4
% Classified	10%	18%	26%	15%	17%	16%	13%	10%	11%	12%	14%	17%	16%	15%	14%	14%	14%	13%	12%	12%	14%
Air Force R&D	15.1	15.1	14.7	13.6	11.7	13.1	12.9	12.2	11.6	13.0	14.1	14.3	13.7	14.3	14.3	14.5	18.9	20.2	20.5	21.7	24.4
Classified R&D	5.6	5.5	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.1	2.4	2.4	3.2	4.6	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.4	6.8	7.0	7.4	7.3	9.6
% Classified	37%	36%	22%	22%	26%	24%	24%	20%	21%	24%	33%	38%	38%	36%	36%	38%	36%	35%	36%	34%	39%
Defense Agencies R&D	6.8	7.6	8.2	8.0	8.9	9.7	9.8	8.9	8.9	9.8	9.6	10.0	10.4	9.7	11.3	15.7	18.1	19.2	21.2	19.7	21.0
Classified R&D	1.2	1.5	1.2	1.4	2.0	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.3	1.8	2.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.5
% Classified	18%	20%	15%	17%	23%	14%	13%	13%	14%	10%	14%	12%	15%	13%	16%	14%	22%	21%	18%	19%	17%
<b>Total DoD R&amp;D</b>	35.9	37.0	37.5	36.6	34.6	38.1	37.8	34.7	34.5	35.0	36.5	37.2	38.1	38.3	41.7	48.6	58.3	64.4	69.3	71.2	73.2
<b>Classified R&amp;D</b>	8.2	9.1	7.4	6.2	7.2	6.4	5.9	4.7	4.6	5.3	7.2	8.1	8.3	7.9	10.6	9.3	12.9	13.2	13.5	13.3	15.6
<b>% Classified</b>	23%	25%	20%	17%	21%	17%	15%	14%	13%	15%	20%	22%	22%	21%	25%	19%	22%	20%	20%	19%	21%

\* FY 2007 figures are *requested* funding levels.

Source: Center for Strategic and Budgetary Assessments based on DoD data, May 2006.